Examples under the Revised Permit Fee System Env-A 700 – New Hampshire Rules Governing the Control of Air Pollution Effective June 26, 2004



Example 1 -- Company A plans to build a new manufacturing facility that will utilize boilers that are above minimum threshold levels for requiring a permit. This company is subject to application review and modeling fees as follows:

<u>Situation 1</u>: If DES performs air dispersion modeling, Company A pays:

Application Review Fee	\$2,000
Modeling Fee	\$2,500
Total Fee	\$4,500

<u>Situation 2</u>: If DES reviews modeling submitted by Company A, Company A pays:

Application Review Fee	\$2,000
Modeling Fee	\$1,875
Total Fee	\$3,875

Example 2 -- Company B currently operates and pays emission-based fees for 5 separate permitted source locations in New Hampshire. Company B proposes to build a new location that will include devices that will require a permit. This company is subject to the application review and modeling fees as follows:

Situation 1: If DES performs air dispersion modeling, Company B pays:

Application Review Fee	\$2,000
Modeling Fee	\$2,500
Total Fee	\$4,500

Situation 2: If DES reviews modeling submitted by Company B, Company B pays:

Application Review Fee	\$2,000
Modeling Fee	\$1,875
Total Fee	\$3,875

Example 3 -- Company C currently operates and pays emission-based fees for 5 separate permitted source locations in New Hampshire. Company C plans to relocate one of its currently permitted devices to a new distinct location.

<u>No application or modeling fee required</u>: As an existing company relocating a currently permitted device, Company C is not subject to either an application review fee or a modeling review fee.

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Example 4 -- Company D pays emission-based fees and proposes to replace an existing boiler with a new boiler that requires a temporary permit.

<u>No application or modeling fee required</u>: As an existing company installing a replacement device or a new device at the currently permitted location, Company D is not subject to either an application review fee or a modeling review fee.

Example 5 -- Company E is a small paper coating operation that emits regulated toxic air pollutants, but whose actual volatile organic compound emissions are less than 10 tons per year. Company E must determine if it is in compliance with Env-A 1400.

<u>Situation 1</u>: If Company E performs its own analysis, Company E pays no application fee.

<u>Situation 2</u>: If Company E requests a compliance determination from DES and no permit or modeling is required, Company E pays:

Application Fee for Air Toxics Reviews \$500

<u>Situation 3</u>: If Company E requests a compliance determination from DES and a permit is required but no modeling, Company E pays:

Application Fee for Air Toxics Reviews \$1,000

Situation 4: If a permit is required and DES performs air dispersion modeling, Company E pays:

Application Fee for Air Toxics Review	\$1,000
Modeling Fee	\$1,500
Total Fee	\$2,500

<u>Situation 5</u>: If a permit is required and DES reviews modeling submitted by Company E, Company E pays:

Application Fee for Air Toxics Review	\$1,000
Modeling Fee	\$1,125
Total Fee	\$2,125

For additional information, contact Craig Wright, Administrator, Stationary Source Management Bureau, at 271-1370 or cwright@des.state.nh.us.

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